



RESULTS RECIPIENT
MIDWEST SPERM BANK
 Attn: Amos Madanes
 NPI: 1184790222
 Report Date: 01/28/2021

MALE
DO 791
 DOB: *****
 Ethnicity: Northern European
 Barcode: 11004512744511

FEMALE
 N/A

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Report Date: 01/28/2021
 Sample Type: EDTA Blood

Date of Collection: 01/12/2021
 Date Received: 01/16/2021
 Date Tested: 01/28/2021
 Barcode: 11004512744511
 Indication: Egg or sperm donor

Foresight® Carrier Screen

NEGATIVE

ABOUT THIS TEST

The **Myriad Foresight Carrier Screen** utilizes sequencing, maximizing coverage across all DNA regions tested, to help you learn about your chance to have a child with a genetic disease.

RESULTS SUMMARY

Risk Details	DO 791	Partner
Panel Information	Foresight Carrier Screen Universal Panel Fundamental Plus Panel Fundamental Panel (175 conditions tested)	N/A
All conditions tested A complete list of all conditions tested can be found on page 5.	NEGATIVE No disease-causing mutations were detected.	N/A

CLINICAL NOTES

- None

NEXT STEPS

- If necessary, patients can discuss residual risks with their physician or a genetic counselor.

Methods and Limitations

DO 791 [Foresight Carrier Screen]: Sequencing with copy number analysis, spinal muscular atrophy, analysis of homologous regions, and alpha thalassemia (HBA1/HBA2) sequencing with targeted copy number analysis (Assay(s): DTS v3.2).

Sequencing with copy number analysis

High-throughput sequencing and read-depth-based copy number analysis are used to analyze the genes listed in the Conditions Tested section of the report. Except where otherwise noted, the region of interest (ROI) comprises the indicated coding regions and 20 non-coding bases flanking each region. In a minority of cases where genomic features (e.g., long homopolymers) compromise calling fidelity, the affected non-coding bases are excluded from the ROI. The ROI is sequenced to a minimum acceptable read depth, and the sequences are compared to a reference genomic sequence (Genome Reference Consortium Human Build 37 [GRCh37]/hg19). On average, 99% of all bases in the ROI are sequenced at a read depth that is greater than the minimum read depth. Sequence variants may not be detected in areas of lower sequence coverage. Insertions and deletions may not be detected as accurately as single-nucleotide variants. Select genes or regions for which pseudogenes or other regions of homology impede reliable variant detection may be assayed using alternate technology, or they may be excluded from the ROI. CFTR and DMD testing includes analysis for exon-level deletions and duplications with an average sensitivity of ~99%. Only exon-level deletions are assayed for other genes on the panel and such deletions are detected with a sensitivity of ≥75%. Selected founder deletions may be detected at slightly higher sensitivity. Affected exons and/or breakpoints of copy number variants are estimated from junction reads, where available, or using the positions of affected probes. Only exons known to be included in the region affected by a copy number variant are provided in the variant nomenclature. In some cases, the copy number variant may be larger or smaller than indicated. If GJB2 is tested, large upstream deletions involving the GJB6 and/or CRYL1 genes that may affect the expression of GJB2 are also analyzed.

Spinal muscular atrophy

Targeted copy number analysis via high-throughput sequencing is used to determine the copy number of exon 7 of the *SMN1* gene. Other genetic variants may interfere with this analysis. Some individuals with two copies of *SMN1* are "silent" carriers with both *SMN1* genes on one chromosome and no copies of the gene on the other chromosome. This is more likely in individuals who have two copies of the *SMN1* gene and are positive for the g.27134T>G single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) (PMID: 9199562, 23788250, and 28676062), which affects the reported residual risk; Ashkenazi Jewish or Asian patients with this genotype have a high post-test likelihood of being carriers for SMA and are reported as carriers. The g.27134T>G SNP is only reported in individuals who have two copies of *SMN1*.

Analysis of homologous regions

A combination of high-throughput sequencing, read-depth-based copy number analysis, and targeted genotyping is used to determine the number of functional gene copies and/or the presence of selected loss-of-function variants in certain genes that have homology to other genomic regions. The precise breakpoints of large deletions in these genes cannot be determined but are instead estimated from copy number analysis. Pseudogenes may interfere with this analysis, especially when many pseudogene copies are present.

If *CYP21A2* is tested, patients who have one or more additional copies of the *CYP21A2* gene and a pathogenic variant may or may not be a carrier of 21-hydroxylase deficient CAH, depending on the chromosomal location of the variants (phase). Benign *CYP21A2* gene duplications and/or triplications will only be reported in this context. Some individuals with two functional *CYP21A2* gene copies may be "silent" carriers, with two gene copies resulting from a duplication on one chromosome and a gene deletion on the other chromosome. This and other similar rare carrier states, where complementary changes exist between the chromosomes, may not be detected by the assay. Given that the true incidence of non-classic CAH is unknown, the residual carrier and reproductive risk numbers on the report are based only on the published incidence for classic CAH. However, the published prevalence of non-classic CAH is highest in individuals of Ashkenazi Jewish, Hispanic, Italian, and Yugoslav descent.

Therefore, the residual and reproductive risks are likely an underestimate for CAH, especially in the aforementioned populations, as they do not account for non-classic CAH.

Alpha thalassemia (HBA1/HBA2) sequencing with targeted copy number analysis

High-throughput sequencing and read-depth-based copy number analysis are used to identify sequence variation and functional gene copies within the region of interest (ROI) of *HBA1* and *HBA2*, which includes the listed exons plus 20 intronic flanking bases. In a minority of cases where genomic features (e.g., long homopolymers) compromise calling fidelity, the affected intronic bases are not included in the ROI. The ROI is sequenced to a minimum acceptable read depth, and the sequences are compared to a reference genomic sequence (Genome Reference Consortium Human Build 37 [GRCh37]/hg19). On average, 99% of all bases in the ROI are sequenced at a read depth that is greater than the minimum read depth. Sequence variants may not be detected in areas of lower sequence coverage. Insertions and deletions may not be detected as accurately as single-nucleotide variants. For large deletions or duplications in these genes, the precise breakpoints cannot be determined but are instead estimated from copy number analysis. This assay has been validated to detect up to two additional copies of each alpha globin gene. In rare instances where assay results suggest greater than two additional copies are present, this will be noted but the specific number of gene copies observed will not be provided.

Extensive sequence homology exists between *HBA1* and *HBA2*. This sequence homology can prevent certain variants from being localized to one gene over the other. In these instances, variant nomenclature will be provided for both genes. If follow-up testing is indicated for patients with the nomenclature provided for both genes, both *HBA1* and *HBA2* should be tested. Some individuals with four functional alpha globin gene copies may be "silent" carriers, with three gene copies resulting from triplication on one chromosome and a single gene deletion on the other chromosome. This and other similar rare carrier states, where complementary changes exist between the chromosomes, may not be detected by the assay.

Interpretation of reported variants

Variants are classified according to internally defined criteria, which are compatible with the ACMG Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation of Sequence Variants (PMID: 25741868). Variants that are considered disease-causing by Myriad Women's Health (MWH) are reported. In addition, variants that have not previously been established as a recognized cause of disease may be identified. In these cases, only variants classified as 'likely' pathogenic are reported. Likely pathogenic variants are described elsewhere in the report as 'likely to have a negative impact on gene function.' Variant pathogenicity is evaluated and classified by an assessment of the nature of the variant and reviews of reports of allele frequencies in cases and controls, functional studies, variant annotation and effect prediction, segregation studies, and other resources, where available. Exon-level duplications in the *DMD* and *CFTR* genes are assumed to be in tandem and are classified according to their predicted effect on the reading frame. Benign variants, variants of uncertain significance, and variants not directly associated with the specified disease phenotype(s) are not reported.

Limitations

The MWH Foresight Carrier Screen is designed to detect and report germline (constitutional) alterations. Mosaic (somatic) variation may not be detected, and if it is detected, it may not be reported. If more than one variant is detected in a gene, additional studies may be necessary to determine if those variants lie on the same chromosome or different chromosomes (phase). This test is not designed to detect sex-chromosome copy number variations. If present, sex-chromosome abnormalities may significantly reduce test sensitivity for X-linked conditions. Variant interpretation and residual and reproductive risk estimations assume a normal karyotype and may be different for individuals with abnormal karyotypes. The test does not fully address all inherited forms of intellectual disability, birth defects, or heritable diseases. Furthermore, not all forms of genetic variation are detected by this assay (i.e., duplications [except in



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specified genes], chromosomal rearrangements, structural abnormalities, etc.). Additional testing may be appropriate for some individuals. Pseudogenes and other regions of homology may interfere with this analysis. In an unknown number of cases, other genetic variation may interfere with variant detection. Rare carrier states where complementary changes exist between the chromosomes may not be detected by the assay. Other possible sources of diagnostic error include sample mix-up, trace contamination, bone marrow transplantation, blood transfusions, and technical or analytical errors.

Detection rates are determined using published scientific literature and/or reputable databases, when available, to estimate the fraction of disease alleles, weighted by frequency, that the methodology is predicted to be able or unable to detect. Detection rates are approximate and only account for analytical sensitivity. Certain variants that have been previously described in the literature may not be reported, if there is insufficient evidence for pathogenicity. Detection rates do not account for the disease specific rates of de novo variation.

This test was developed, and its performance characteristics determined by, Myriad Women's Health, Inc. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA does not require this test to go through premarket review. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. This laboratory is certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) as qualified to perform high-complexity clinical testing. These results are adjunctive to the ordering physician's evaluation. CLIA Number: #05D1102604.

Incidental Findings

Unless otherwise indicated, these results and interpretations are limited to the specific disease panel(s) requested by the ordering healthcare provider. In some cases, standard data analyses may identify genetic findings beyond the region(s) of interest specified by the test, and such findings may not be reported. These findings may include genomic abnormalities with major, minor, or no, clinical significance.

If you have questions or would like more information about any of the test methods or limitations, please contact (888) 268-6795.

Resources

GENOME CONNECT | <http://www.genomeconnect.org>

Patients can share their reports using research registries such as Genome Connect, an online research registry building a genetics and health knowledge base. Genome Connect provides patients, physicians, and researchers an opportunity to share genetic information to support the study of the impact of genetic variation on health conditions.

SENIOR LABORATORY DIRECTOR

Karla R. Bowles, PhD, FACMG, CGMB

Report content approved by Lulu Mao, PhD, DABMGG on Jan 28, 2021

Conditions Tested

11-beta-hydroxylase-deficient Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia - Gene: CYP11B1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000497:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European 94%. **6-pyruvoyl-tetrahydropterin Synthase Deficiency** - Gene: PTS. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000317:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
ABCC8-related Familial Hyperinsulinism - Gene: ABCC8. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000352:1-39. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency - Gene: ADA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000022:1-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Alpha Thalassemia, HBA1/HBA2-related - Genes: HBA1, HBA2. Autosomal Recessive. Alpha thalassemia (HBA1/HBA2) sequencing with targeted copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000517:1-3; NM_000558:1-3. Variants (19): -(alpha)20.5, -BRIT, --MED1, --MED11, --SEA, --THAI or --FIL, -alpha3.7, -alpha4.2, HBA1+HBA2 deletion, Hb Constant Spring, Poly(A) AATAAA>AATA--, Poly(A) AATAAA>AATAAG, Poly(A) AATAAA>AATGAA, anti3.7, anti4.2, c.*93A>G, c.*94_*95delAA, c.*95A>G, del HS-40. Detection Rate: Not calculated due to rarity of disease in this individual's reported ethnicity.
Alpha-mannosidosis - Gene: MAN2B1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000528:1-23. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Alpha-sarcoglycanopathy - Gene: SGCA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000023:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Alstrom Syndrome - Gene: ALMS1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_015120:1-23. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
AMT-related Glycine Encephalopathy - Gene: AMT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000481:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Andermann Syndrome - Gene: SLC12A6. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_133647:1-25. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Argininemia - Gene: ARG1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000045:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European 97%. **Argininosuccinic Aciduria** - Gene: ASL. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001024943:1-16. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Aspartylglucosaminuria - Gene: AGA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000027:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Ataxia with Vitamin E Deficiency - Gene: TTPA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000370:1-5. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Ataxia-telangiectasia - Gene: ATM. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000051:2-63. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.
ATP7A-related Disorders - Gene: ATP7A. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000052:2-23. Detection Rate: Northern European 96%.
Autoimmune Polyglandular Syndrome Type 1 - Gene: AIRE. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000383:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Autosomal Recessive Osteopetrosis Type 1 - Gene: TCIRG1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_006019:2-20. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Autosomal Recessive Polycystic Kidney Disease, PKHD1-related - Gene: PKHD1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_138694:2-67. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Autosomal Recessive Spastic Ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay - Gene: SACS. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_014363:2-10. Detection Rate: Northern European 99%.
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS1-related - Gene: BBS1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_024649:1-17. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS10-related - Gene: BBS10. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_024685:1-2. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS12-related - Gene: BBS12. Autosomal Recessive.

Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exon: NM_152618:2. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS2-related - Gene: BBS2. Autosomal Recessive.

Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_031885:1-17. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

BCS1L-related Disorders - Gene: BCS1L. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_004328:3-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Beta-sarcoglycanopathy - Gene: SGCB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000232:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Biotinidase Deficiency - Gene: BTBD. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000060:1-4. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Bloom Syndrome - Gene: BLM. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000057:2-22. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Calpainopathy - Gene: CAPN3. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000070:1-24. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Canavan Disease - Gene: ASPA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000049:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency - Gene: CPS1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001875:1-38. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency - Gene: CPT1A. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001876:2-19. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency - Gene: CPT2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000098:1-5. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Cartilage-hair Hypoplasia - Gene: RMRP. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exon: NR_003051:1. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Cerebrotendinous Xanthomatosis - Gene: CYP27A1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000784:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Citrullinemia Type 1 - Gene: ASS1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000050:3-16. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

CLN3-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis - Gene: CLN3. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001042432:2-16. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

CLN5-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis - Gene: CLN5. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_006493:1-4. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

CLN6-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis - Gene: CLN6. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_017882:1-7. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

CLN8-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis - Gene: CLN8. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_018941:2-3. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Cohen Syndrome - Gene: VPS13B. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_017890:2-62. Detection Rate: Northern European 97%.

COL4A3-related Alport Syndrome - Gene: COL4A3. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000091:1-52. Detection Rate: Northern European 97%.

COL4A4-related Alport Syndrome - Gene: COL4A4. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000092:2-48. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency, PROP1-related - Gene: PROP1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_006261:1-3. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia, CYP21A2-related - Gene: CYP21A2. Autosomal Recessive. Analysis of homologous regions. Variants (13): CYP21A2 deletion, CYP21A2 duplication, CYP21A2 triplication, G111Vfs*21, I173N, L308Ffs*6, P31L, Q319*, Q319*+CYP21A2dup, R357W, V282L, [I237N;V238E;M240K], c.293-13C>G. Detection Rate: Northern European 96%.

Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation Type Ia - Gene: PMM2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000303:1-8. Detection Rate:

Northern European >99%.

Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation Type Ic - Gene: ALG6. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_013339:2-15. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, MPI-related - Gene: MPI. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_002435:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Costeff Optic Atrophy Syndrome - Gene: OPA3. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_025136:1-2. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Cystic Fibrosis - Gene: CFTR. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000492:1-27. IVS8-5T allele analysis is only reported in the presence of the R117H mutation. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **Cystinosis** - Gene: CTNS. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_004937:3-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

D-bifunctional Protein Deficiency - Gene: HSD17B4. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000414:1-24. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

Delta-sarcoglycanopathy - Gene: SGCD. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000337:2-9. Detection Rate: Northern European 99%.

Dihydroipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency - Gene: DLD. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000108:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Dysferlinopathy - Gene: DYSF. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_003494:1-55. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

Dystrophinopathy (Including Duchenne/Becker Muscular Dystrophy) - Gene: DMD. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_004006:1-79. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

ERCC6-related Disorders - Gene: ERCC6. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000124:2-21. Detection Rate: Northern European 99%.

ERCC8-related Disorders - Gene: ERCC8. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000082:1-12. Detection Rate: Northern European 95%.

EVC-related Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome - Gene: EVC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_153717:1-21. Detection Rate: Northern European 96%.

EVC2-related Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome - Gene: EVC2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_147127:1-22. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Fabry Disease - Gene: GLA. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000169:1-7. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%. **Familial Dysautonomia** - Gene: ELP1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_003640:2-37. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Familial Mediterranean Fever - Gene: MEFV. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000243:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Fanconi Anemia Complementation Group A - Gene: FANCA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000135:1-43. Detection Rate: Northern European 92%.

Fanconi Anemia, FANCC-related - Gene: FANCC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000136:2-15. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

FKRP-related Disorders - Gene: FKRP. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exon: NM_024301:4. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **FKTN-related Disorders** - Gene: FKTN. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001079802:3-11. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Free Sialic Acid Storage Disorders - Gene: SLC17A5. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_012434:1-11. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

Galactokinase Deficiency - Gene: GALK1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000154:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Galactosemia - Gene: GALT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000155:1-11. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **Gamma-sarcoglycanopathy** - Gene: SGCG. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000231:2-8. Detection Rate: Northern European 88%.

Gaucher Disease - Gene: GBA. Autosomal Recessive. Analysis of homologous regions. Variants (10): D409V, D448H, IVS2+1G>A, L444P, N370S, R463C, R463H, R496H, V394L, p.L29Afs*18. Detection Rate: Northern European 60%.

GJB2-related DFNB1 Nonsyndromic Hearing Loss and Deafness - Gene: GJB2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_004004:1-2. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

GLB1-related Disorders - Gene: GLB1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000404:1-16. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

GLDC-related Glycine Encephalopathy - Gene: GLDC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000170:1-25. Detection Rate: Northern European 94%.

Glutaric Acidemia, GCDH-related - Gene: GCDH. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000159:2-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ia - Gene: G6PC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000151:1-5. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ib - Gene: SLC37A4. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001164277:3-11. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Glycogen Storage Disease Type III - Gene: AGL. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000642:2-34. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

GNE Myopathy - Gene: GNE. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001128227:1-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **GNPTAB-related Disorders** - Gene: GNPTAB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_024312:1-21. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

HADHA-related Disorders - Gene: HADHA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000182:1-20. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Hb Beta Chain-related Hemoglobinopathy (Including Beta Thalassemia and Sickle Cell Disease) - Gene: HBB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000518:1-3. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **Hereditary Fructose Intolerance** - Gene: ALDOB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000035:2-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Herlitz Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMB3-related - Gene: LAMB3. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000228:2-23. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Hexosaminidase A Deficiency (Including Tay-Sachs Disease) - Gene: HEXA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000520:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **HMG-CoA Lyase Deficiency** - Gene: HMGCL. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000191:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

Holocarboxylase Synthetase Deficiency - Gene: HLCS. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000411:4-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Homocystinuria, CBS-related - Gene: CBS. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000071:3-17. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Hydrolethalus Syndrome - Gene: HYL51. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exon: NM_145014:4. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Hypophosphatasia - Gene: ALPL. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000478:2-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Isovaleric Acidemia - Gene: IVD. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_002225:1-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Joubert Syndrome 2 - Gene: TMEM216. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001173990:1-5. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMA3-related - Gene: LAMA3. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000227:1-38. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMC2-related - Gene: LAMC2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_005562:1-23. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

KCNJ11-related Familial Hyperinsulinism - Gene: KCNJ11. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exon: NM_000525:1. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Krabbe Disease - Gene: GALC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000153:1-17. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

LAMA2-related Muscular Dystrophy - Gene: LAMA2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000426:1-43,45-65. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Leigh Syndrome, French-Canadian Type - Gene: LRPPRC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_133259:1-38. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Lipoid Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia - Gene: STAR. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000349:1-7. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Lysosomal Acid Lipase Deficiency - Gene: LIPA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000235:2-10. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type Ia - Gene: BCKDHA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000709:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type Ib - Gene: BCKDHB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_183050:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type II - Gene: DBT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001918:1-11. Detection Rate: Northern European 96%.

Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency - Gene: ACADM. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000016:1-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Megalencephalic Leukoencephalopathy with Subcortical Cysts - Gene: MLC1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_015166:2-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Metachromatic Leukodystrophy - Gene: ARSA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000487:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Methylmalonic Acidemia, cblA Type - Gene: MMAA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_172250:2-7. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Methylmalonic Acidemia, cblB Type - Gene: MMAB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_052845:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, cblC Type - Gene: MMACHC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_015506:1-4. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%. **MKS1-related Disorders** - Gene: MKS1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_017777:1-18. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Mucopolisaccharidosis III Gamma - Gene: GNPTG. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_032520:1-11. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Mucopolisaccharidosis IV - Gene: MCOLN1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_020533:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Mucopolysaccharidosis Type I - Gene: IDUA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000203:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II - Gene: IDS. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000202:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European 88%.

Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA - Gene: SGSH. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000199:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIB - Gene: NAGLU. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000263:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIC - Gene: HGSNAT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_152419:1-18. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

MUT-related Methylmalonic Acidemia - Gene: MUT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000255:2-13. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

MYO7A-related Disorders - Gene: MYO7A. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000260:2-49. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

NEB-related Nemaline Myopathy - Gene: NEB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001271208:3-80,117-183. Detection Rate: Northern European 92%.

Nephrotic Syndrome, NPHS1-related - Gene: NPHS1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_004646:1-29. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Nephrotic Syndrome, NPHS2-related - Gene: NPHS2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_014625:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Niemann-Pick Disease Type C1 - Gene: NPC1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000271:1-25. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Niemann-Pick Disease Type C2 - Gene: NPC2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_006432:1-5. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Niemann-Pick Disease, SMPD1-related - Gene: SMPD1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000543:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Nijmegen Breakage Syndrome - Gene: NBN. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_002485:1-16. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Ornithine Transcarbamylase Deficiency - Gene: OTC. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000531:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European 97%.

PCCA-related Propionic Acidemia - Gene: PCCA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000282:1-24. Detection Rate: Northern European 95%.

PCCB-related Propionic Acidemia - Gene: PCCB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000532:1-15. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

PCDH15-related Disorders - Gene: PCDH15. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_033056:2-33. Detection Rate: Northern European 93%.

Pendred Syndrome - Gene: SLC26A4. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000441:2-21. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 1 - Gene: PEX1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000466:1-24. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 3 - Gene: PEX12. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000286:1-3. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 4 - Gene: PEX6. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000287:1-17. Detection Rate: Northern European 97%.

Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 5 - Gene: PEX2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exon: NM_000318:4. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 6 - Gene: PEX10. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_153818:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Phenylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency - Gene: PAH. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000277:1-13. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

POMGNT-related Disorders - Gene: POMGNT1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_017739:2-22. Detection Rate: Northern European 96%.

Pompe Disease - Gene: GAA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000152:2-20. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

PPT1-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis - Gene: PPT1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000310:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Primary Carnitine Deficiency - Gene: SLC22A5. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_003060:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 1 - Gene: AGXT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000030:1-11. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 2 - Gene: GRHPR. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_012203:1-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 3 - Gene: HOGA1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_138413:1-7. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Pycnodysostosis - Gene: CTSK. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000396:2-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Pyruvate Carboxylase Deficiency - Gene: PC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000920:3-22. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.



RESULTS RECIPIENT
MIDWEST SPERM BANK
Attn: Amos Madanes
NPI: 1184790222
Report Date: 01/28/2021

MALE
DO 791
DOB: *****
Ethnicity: Northern European
Barcode: 11004512744511

FEMALE
N/A

Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata Type 1 - Gene: PEX7. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000288:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

RTEL1-related Disorders - Gene: RTEL1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_032957:2-35. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Sandhoff Disease - Gene: HEXB. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000521:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Short-chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency - Gene: ACADS. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000017:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome - Gene: ALDH3A2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000382:1-10. Detection Rate: Northern European 96%.

SLC26A2-related Disorders - Gene: SLC26A2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000112:2-3. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome - Gene: DHCR7. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001360:3-9. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Spastic Paraplegia Type 15 - Gene: ZFYVE26. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_015346:2-42. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy - Gene: SMN1. Autosomal Recessive. Spinal muscular atrophy. Variant (1): SMN1 copy number. Detection Rate: Northern European 95%.

Spondylothoracic Dysostosis - Gene: MESP2. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_001039958:1-2. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

TGM1-related Autosomal Recessive Congenital Ichthyosis - Gene: TGM1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000359:2-15. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

TPP1-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis - Gene: TPP1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000391:1-13. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Tyrosine Hydroxylase Deficiency - Gene: TH. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_199292:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Tyrosinemia Type I - Gene: FAH. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000137:1-14. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Tyrosinemia Type II - Gene: TAT. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000353:2-12. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

USH1C-related Disorders - Gene: USH1C. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_005709:1-21. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

USH2A-related Disorders - Gene: USH2A. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_206933:2-72. Detection Rate: Northern European 94%.

Usher Syndrome Type 3 - Gene: CLRN1. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_174878:1-3. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Very-long-chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency - Gene: ACADVL. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000018:1-20. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Wilson Disease - Gene: ATP7B. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000053:1-21. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

X-linked Adrenoleukodystrophy - Gene: ABCD1. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000033:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European 77%.

X-linked Alport Syndrome - Gene: COL4A5. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000495:1-51. Detection Rate: Northern European 95%.

X-linked Congenital Adrenal Hypoplasia - Gene: NROB1. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000475:1-2. Detection Rate: Northern European 99%.

X-linked Juvenile Retinoschisis - Gene: RS1. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000330:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

X-linked Myotubular Myopathy - Gene: MTM1. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000252:2-15. Detection Rate: Northern European 98%.

X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency - Gene: IL2RG. X-linked Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000206:1-8. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Xeroderma Pigmentosum Group A - Gene: XPA. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_000380:1-6. Detection Rate: Northern European >99%.

Xeroderma Pigmentosum Group C - Gene: XPC. Autosomal Recessive. Sequencing with copy number analysis. Exons: NM_004628:1-16. Detection Rate: Northern European 97%.

Risk Calculations

Disease	DO 791 Residual Risk	Reproductive Risk
11-beta-hydroxylase-deficient Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia	1 in 3,800	< 1 in 1,000,000
6-pyruvoyl-tetrahydropterin Synthase Deficiency	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
ABCC8-related Familial Hyperinsulinism	1 in 17,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency	1 in 22,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Alpha Thalassemia, HBA1/HBA2-related	Alpha globin status: aa/aa.	Not calculated
Alpha-mannosidosis	1 in 35,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Alpha-sarcoglycanopathy	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Alstrom Syndrome	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
AMT-related Glycine Encephalopathy	1 in 22,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Andermann Syndrome	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Argininemia	< 1 in 17,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Argininosuccinic Aciduria	1 in 13,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Aspartylglucosaminuria	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Ataxia with Vitamin E Deficiency	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Ataxia-telangiectasia	1 in 11,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
ATP7A-related Disorders	< 1 in 1,000,000	1 in 600,000
Autoimmune Polyglandular Syndrome Type 1	1 in 15,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Autosomal Recessive Osteopetrosis Type 1	1 in 35,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Autosomal Recessive Polycystic Kidney Disease, PKHD1-related	1 in 8,100	< 1 in 1,000,000
Autosomal Recessive Spastic Ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay	< 1 in 44,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS1-related	1 in 32,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS10-related	1 in 42,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS12-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS2-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
BCS1L-related Disorders	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Beta-sarcoglycanopathy	1 in 39,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Biotinidase Deficiency	1 in 13,000	1 in 650,000
Bloom Syndrome	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Calpainopathy	1 in 13,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Canavan Disease	1 in 9,700	< 1 in 1,000,000
Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency	< 1 in 57,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency	1 in 25,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Cartilage-hair Hypoplasia	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Cerebrotendinous Xanthomatosis	1 in 11,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Citrullinemia Type 1	1 in 14,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
CLN3-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis	1 in 8,600	< 1 in 1,000,000
CLN5-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
CLN6-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis	1 in 43,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
CLN8-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Cohen Syndrome	< 1 in 15,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
COL4A3-related Alport Syndrome	1 in 6,200	< 1 in 1,000,000
COL4A4-related Alport Syndrome	1 in 12,000	< 1 in 1,000,000



RESULTS RECIPIENT
MIDWEST SPERM BANK
 Attn: Amos Madanes
 NPI: 1184790222
 Report Date: 01/28/2021

MALE
DO 791
 DOB: *****
 Ethnicity: Northern European
 Barcode: 11004512744511

FEMALE
 N/A

Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency, PROP1-related	1 in 6,100	< 1 in 1,000,000
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia, CYP21A2-related	1 in 1,300	1 in 280,000

Below are the risk calculations for all conditions tested. Negative results do not rule out the possibility of being a carrier. Residual risk is an estimate of each patient's posttest likelihood of being a carrier, while the reproductive risk represents an estimated likelihood that the patients' future children could inherit each disease. These risks are inherent to all carrier-screening tests, may vary by ethnicity, are predicated on a negative family history, and are present even given a negative test result. Inaccurate reporting of ethnicity may cause errors in risk calculation. In addition, average carrier rates are estimated using incidence or prevalence data from published scientific literature and/or reputable databases, where available, and are incorporated into residual risk calculations for each population/ethnicity. When population-specific data is not available for a condition, average worldwide incidence or prevalence is used. Further, incidence and prevalence data are only collected for the specified phenotypes (which include primarily the classic or severe forms of disease) and may not include alternate or milder disease manifestations associated with the gene. Actual incidence rates, prevalence rates, and carrier rates, and therefore actual residual risks, may be higher or lower than the estimates provided. Carrier rates, incidence/prevalence, and/or residual risks are not provided for some genes with biological or heritable properties that would make these estimates inaccurate. A '+' symbol indicates a positive result. See the full clinical report for interpretation and details. The reproductive risk presented is based on a hypothetical pairing with a partner of the same ethnic group.



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MIDWEST SPERM BANK
 Attn: Amos Madanes
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MALE
DO 791
 DOB: *****
 Ethnicity: Northern European
 Barcode: 11004512744511

FEMALE
 N/A

Disease	DO 791 Residual Risk	Reproductive Risk
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation Type Ia	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation Type Ic	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, MPI-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Costeff Optic Atrophy Syndrome	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Cystic Fibrosis	1 in 3,000	1 in 360,000
Cystinosis	1 in 22,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
D-bifunctional Protein Deficiency	1 in 9,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Delta-sarcoglycanopathy	< 1 in 40,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Dihydrolipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Dysferlinopathy	1 in 11,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Dystrophinopathy (Including Duchenne/Becker Muscular Dystrophy)	Not calculated	Not calculated
ERCC6-related Disorders	1 in 26,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
ERCC8-related Disorders	< 1 in 9,900	< 1 in 1,000,000
EVC-related Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome	1 in 7,500	< 1 in 1,000,000
EVC2-related Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Fabry Disease	< 1 in 1,000,000	1 in 80,000
Familial Dysautonomia	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Familial Mediterranean Fever	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Fanconi Anemia Complementation Group A	1 in 2,800	< 1 in 1,000,000
Fanconi Anemia, FANCC-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
FKRP-related Disorders	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
FKTN-related Disorders	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Free Sialic Acid Storage Disorders	< 1 in 30,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Galactokinase Deficiency	1 in 10,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Galactosemia	1 in 8,600	< 1 in 1,000,000
Gamma-sarcoglycanopathy	1 in 3,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Gaucher Disease	1 in 260	1 in 110,000
GJB2-related DFNB1 Nonsyndromic Hearing Loss and Deafness	1 in 2,500	1 in 260,000
GLB1-related Disorders	1 in 19,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
GLDC-related Glycine Encephalopathy	1 in 2,800	< 1 in 1,000,000
Glutaric Acidemia, GCDH-related	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ia	1 in 18,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ib	1 in 35,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Glycogen Storage Disease Type III	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
GNE Myopathy	1 in 23,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
GNPTAB-related Disorders	1 in 32,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
HADHA-related Disorders	1 in 20,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Hb Beta Chain-related Hemoglobinopathy (Including Beta Thalassemia and Sickle Cell Disease)	1 in 3,100	1 in 390,000
Hereditary Fructose Intolerance	1 in 7,900	< 1 in 1,000,000
Herlitz Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMB3-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Hexosaminidase A Deficiency (Including Tay-Sachs Disease)	1 in 30,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
HMG-CoA Lyase Deficiency	< 1 in 33,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Holocarboxylase Synthetase Deficiency	1 in 15,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Homocystinuria, CBS-related	1 in 9,400	< 1 in 1,000,000
Hydrolethals Syndrome	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Hypophosphatasia	1 in 27,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Isovaleric Acidemia	1 in 32,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Joubert Syndrome 2	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMA3-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMC2-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
KCNJ11-related Familial Hyperinsulinism	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Krabbe Disease	1 in 14,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
LAMA2-related Muscular Dystrophy	1 in 34,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Leigh Syndrome, French-Canadian Type	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Lipoid Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Lysosomal Acid Lipase Deficiency	1 in 18,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type Ia	1 in 42,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type Ib	1 in 39,000	< 1 in 1,000,000



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FEMALE
 N/A

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type II	1 in 13,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	1 in 4,400	1 in 790,000
Megalencephalic Leukoencephalopathy with Subcortical Cysts	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000

Disease	DO 791 Residual Risk	Reproductive Risk
Metachromatic Leukodystrophy	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Methylmalonic Acidemia, cblA Type	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Methylmalonic Acidemia, cblB Type	1 in 48,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, cblC Type	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
MKS1-related Disorders	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Mucopolidosis III Gamma	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Mucopolidosis IV	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type I	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II	1 in 600,000	1 in 150,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA	1 in 12,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIB	1 in 25,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIC	1 in 37,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
MUT-related Methylmalonic Acidemia	1 in 26,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
MYO7A-related Disorders	1 in 15,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
NEB-related Nermaline Myopathy	1 in 1,200	1 in 400,000
Nephrotic Syndrome, NPHS1-related	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Nephrotic Syndrome, NPHS2-related	1 in 35,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Niemann-Pick Disease Type C1	1 in 19,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Niemann-Pick Disease Type C2	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Niemann-Pick Disease, SMPD1-related	1 in 25,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Nijmegen Breakage Syndrome	1 in 15,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Ornithine Transcarbamylase Deficiency	< 1 in 1,000,000	1 in 140,000
PCCA-related Propionic Acidemia	1 in 4,200	< 1 in 1,000,000
PCCB-related Propionic Acidemia	1 in 22,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
PCDH15-related Disorders	1 in 3,300	< 1 in 1,000,000
Pendred Syndrome	1 in 8,200	< 1 in 1,000,000
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 1	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 3	1 in 44,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 4	1 in 9,300	< 1 in 1,000,000
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 5	< 1 in 71,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder Type 6	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Phenylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency	1 in 4,800	1 in 940,000
POMGNT-related Disorders	< 1 in 12,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Pompe Disease	1 in 4,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
PPT1-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis	1 in 7,700	< 1 in 1,000,000
Primary Carnitine Deficiency	1 in 11,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 1	1 in 17,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 2	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 3	1 in 13,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Pycnodysostosis	1 in 43,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Pyruvate Carboxylase Deficiency	1 in 25,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata Type 1	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
RTEL1-related Disorders	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Sandhoff Disease	1 in 32,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Short-chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	1 in 11,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome	< 1 in 12,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
SLC26A2-related Disorders	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome	1 in 9,400	< 1 in 1,000,000
Spastic Paraplegia Type 15	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Spinal Muscular Atrophy	Negative for g.27134T>G SNP SMN1: 2 copies 1 in 770	1 in 110,000
Spondylothoracic Dysostosis	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
TGM1-related Autosomal Recessive Congenital Ichthyosis	1 in 22,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
TPP1-related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis	1 in 30,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Tyrosine Hydroxylase Deficiency	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000



RESULTS RECIPIENT
MIDWEST SPERM BANK
 Attn: Amos Madanes
 NPI: 1184790222
 Report Date: 01/28/2021

MALE
DO 791
 DOB: *****
 Ethnicity: Northern European
 Barcode: 11004512744511

FEMALE
 N/A

Tyrosinemia Type I	1 in 16,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Tyrosinemia Type II	1 in 25,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
USH1C-related Disorders	1 in 35,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
USH2A-related Disorders	1 in 2,200	< 1 in 1,000,000
Usher Syndrome Type 3	1 in 41,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Very-long-chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	1 in 18,000	< 1 in 1,000,000

Disease	DO 791 Residual Risk	Reproductive Risk
Wilson Disease	1 in 6,500	< 1 in 1,000,000
X-linked Adrenoleukodystrophy	1 in 90,000	1 in 42,000
X-linked Alport Syndrome	Not calculated	Not calculated
X-linked Congenital Adrenal Hypoplasia	< 1 in 1,000,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
X-linked Juvenile Retinoschisis	< 1 in 1,000,000	1 in 40,000
X-linked Myotubular Myopathy	Not calculated	Not calculated
X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency	< 1 in 1,000,000	1 in 200,000
Xeroderma Pigmentosum Group A	< 1 in 50,000	< 1 in 1,000,000
Xeroderma Pigmentosum Group C	1 in 7,300	< 1 in 1,000,000